

正氣

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自鴉片戰爭以降，反毒已成世界各國之極大挑戰。2012 年數據顯示，全球毒品盛行率達 5.2%，台灣藥物濫用盛行率則為 1.29%，亦即 12 至 64 歲人口中約有 23 萬人曾經有藥物濫用。毒品不僅戕害國人身心健康，甚至進入校園，導致施用毒品人口年齡急速下降，更造成國計民生重大負荷。

行政院於 2017 年 5 月間擬定新世代反毒策略行動綱領，決定於 4 年內編列一百億元經費，全面推行防毒、拒毒、緝毒、戒毒措施，並修法以因應。其中緝毒，即為檢警調之工作重心。余曾任基層檢察官，亦有緝毒案件之偵辦經驗，深知緝毒案件詭譎多變，且其中涉案角色多重、分工精細、突發狀況極多，實比電影『門徒』所演有過之而無不及，與一般案件之偵辦難度大相逕庭，確極需有系統之經驗傳承。

幸臺北地檢署同仁有此心，特於公忙之餘，戮力編輯臺北地檢署緝毒實錄，將臺北地檢署從民國 90 年 12 月成立緝毒專組迄今，包含從 94 年間謝奇孟檢察官所偵辦之機場空運走私愷他命案，至 106 年王俊棠、許文琪、王如玉檢察官所合力偵辦

蒞庭之 W HOTEL 命案等 7 件重大緝毒案件，以及臺北地檢署毒品資料庫建置、行動通訊裝置取證鑑識業務之發展等與緝毒息息相關之偵查後援建置過程及發展臚列在內，以供傳承寶貴緝毒經驗。今緝毒實錄即將付梓，細閱其內容可見同仁之用心，余有幸獲邀，乃欣以數語為序。

法務部部長

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Since the first Opium War in 1839, drug suppression has been a tremendous challenge for all countries in the world. According to the statistics released in 2012, the global drug prevalence was 5.2%, and the prevalence of drug abuse in Taiwan was 1.29%. In other words, about 230,000 of those aged from 12 to 64 have taken drugs. Detrimental to the physical and mental health, drugs have spread to schools and been taken by younger students, causing a heavy bur-

1. "正氣" / 金門浯江書院。



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den on the government and the general public.

In May 2017, the Executive Yuan drafted the Action Outline of Anti-Drugs Strategies in the New Century, for which 10 billion NTD will be spent in the next four years to prevent, resist, suppress, and eradicate drugs on an overall scale, and relevant laws will be amended. Among these goals, tracking down drug-related crimes is the main task of the law enforcement agencies. I was once a district prosecutor and dealt with many drugs suppression cases, thus I am well aware that many special skills involved therewith because of numerous suspects, the complicated labor division and emergencies. Each of these cases are thrilling and much thornier than the movie “Protégé”. According, it is pressingly necessary to share experiences in this aspect.

Fortunately, members of the Taipei District Prosecutors Office are willing to

sort out their drug suppression experiences in their sparetime. Seven major drug suppression cases, ranging from the ketamine smuggling combated by Prosecutor Chi-meng Hsieh at the airport in 2005 to the death of a young model at W Hotel investigated by Prosecutors Chun-tang Wang, Wen-chi Hsu, and Ju-yu Wang in 2017, are included in the book. Additionally, the book covers the establishment of the drug database, the development of evidence collection and identification, as based on mobile communication devices and other drug suppression-related supporting construction. This book is full of valuable experiences for suppressing drugs, and is a result of the public wisdom of the members of this office, and I feel honored to contribute this foreword.

**Minister
The Ministry of Justice**

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2. 意指制定刑罰的目的，在於期望教育人民自發的遵守法律，從而達到不用刑罰的最高境地。【出處】：語出《書·大禹謨》：“刑期于無刑。” / 南投龍德廟。